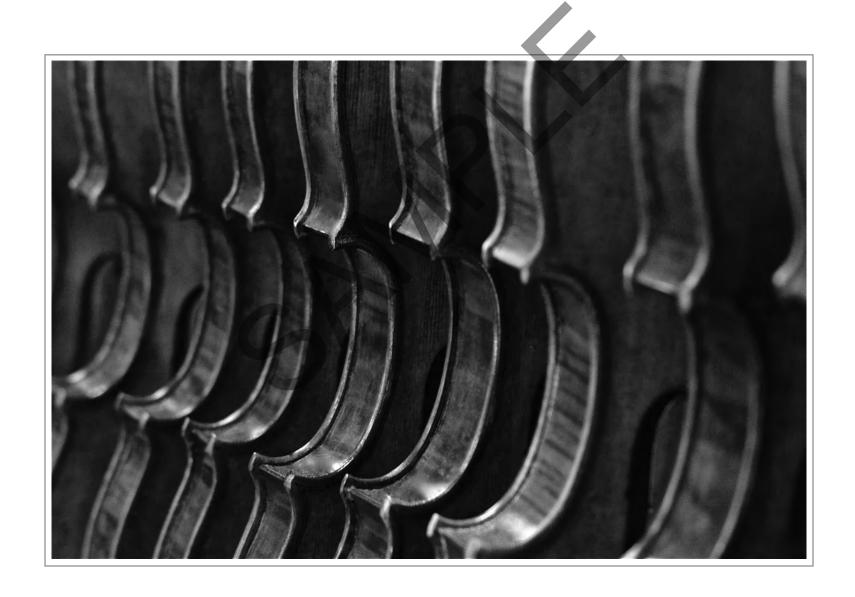
# Deborah Baker Monday Chasing the Storm



# The Composer



**Deborah Baker Monday** (ASCAP) is a retired string educator after completing a 25-year tenure in the award-winning Logan City, Utah orchestra program. She received her B.M.E. Magna Cum Laude, from Florida State University with an emphasis in string education. She was awarded an academic fellowship to attend the University of Alabama where she received her M.M. in Composition. During that time, she was a bassist with the Meridian Symphony and the Tupelo Symphony Orchestra. She continued her studies at Louisiana State University where she received the Chancellor's Award to participate with the LSU Symphony Orchestra under the direction of James Yestadt. She studied theory and composition with Harold Schiffman, John Boda, Frederic Goossen, Paul Hedwell, and Dino Constantinides. Ms. Monday continued to be an active bass performer when she moved to Utah. After completing the coursework and passing the written and oral portions of the doctoral exams, she was hired to teach in the Logan City School District as a low string specialist.

Throughout her tenure with Logan and beyond, she pursued her interest in composition and arranging for educational strings and became published. Ms. Monday has over 135 original and arranged works with seven publishing companies. Many of her published works have been honored as J.W. Pepper Editor's Choice selections. They have been selected for many state required music lists for festivals and contests. She has

received awards for Outstanding Elementary Educator and Superior Accomplishment from UtahASTA and UtahMEA respectively. In 2006 and 2011, Ms. Monday was the winner of the UtahASTA Composition Contest. Serving as a composer and arranger of educational music has been a rewarding part of her career while she and her husband Bill, have raised four amazing children.

Ms. Monday has presented at many state music conferences throughout the United States, as well as numerous national ASTA conferences, The Midwest Clinic, the Ohio State Summer Workshop, and the Florida Orchestra Association. She is active as a clinician, guest conductor and adjudicator, and has numerous commissions for her work. Her studies in composition and experience in string teaching combine to make her one of the leading contributors to the repertoire for young string players.

# The Composition

**Chasing the Storm** musically depicts an oncoming storm and the excitement of chasing it in order to experience its unpredictable energy and drama. The music begins softly, yet the driving eighth notes lets chasers know something is brewing. As the storm builds and releases some of its fury, a sudden calm and cool breeze overtakes the storm. It doesn't last long. The dark clouds and pounding rain return with loud thunder and blinding lightning. The threat of a twister seems close by. The storm chasers remain safe as they savor every moment, yet they continue following it as it intensifies even more. This particular storm continues to move at breakneck speeds and the music comes to a spectacular end before knowing how the storm fades away. So, what does happen? How does the story of the storm chasers end?

# Instrumentation List (Set C)

- 8 Ist Violin
- 8 2nd Violin
- 5 Viola
- 5 Cello
- 5 String Bass
- I Full Conductor Score

Additional scores and parts are available.

To hear a recording of this piece or any other Kjos publication, go to www.kjos.com.

# Learning Bank

A storm is a general term describing significant atmospheric disturbances causing rain and snow showers, to thunder and lightning, to high winds, to tornados, cyclones, and hurricanes. According to the National Severe Storms Laboratory, the worldwide count of thunderstorms is approximately 16 million each year! Meteorologists are trained with equipment to study weather patterns and forecast oncoming storms, yet no storm is 100% predictable.



Hurricane chaser airplane heading towards the eye of the storm.



Tornado

While meteorologists are scientists who are experts in their field of study, there are also storm chasers who seek out storms, often tornados, both as scientific quests as well as recreational adventures. Storm chasers who specifically explore hurricanes are called hurricane hunters. They fly in specially built reconnaissance airplanes and go right to the hurricanes where sensors are dropped through the storm. Data is collected and allows scientists to learn more about these types of potentially devastating storms.

And then there are others who are purely enthusiasts and thrill seekers. Storm chasers will drive to a location where serious storms are predicted by weathercasters, and they will head towards the area where storms are starting to become intense. Many recreational storm chasers look for tornados and will locate themselves in the Midwest part of the United States during certain times of the year when tornados tend to be more common. Many storm chasers are also dedicated photographers and videographers. Documenting storms through still images and movie footage can offer great assistance to meteorologists as they work to offer more answers and more accurate predictions. The image (below) taken in 1902 of the Eiffel Tower is one of the first photographs taken of lightning in a city environment.

The first known storm chaser was North Dakota native, David Hoadley (b. 1938). He had an avid interest in severe weather, and he began chasing storms in 1969. He founded *Storm Track* magazine, and throughout more than half a century has witnessed over 200 tornados.



The Eiffel Tower, 1902



Storm chaser with equipment atop his car and his camera on a tripod

# **Chasing the Storm**



© 2021 Neil A. Kjos Music Company, 4382 Jutland Drive, San Diego, California, 92117. International copyright secured. All rights reserved. Printed in the U. S. A. Warning! The contents of this publication are protected by copyright law. To copy or reproduce them by any method is an infringement of the copyright law. Anyone who reproduces copyrighted matter is subject to substantial penalties and assessments for each infringement.















# Kjos Music's Guide to © Copyright

Composers rely on the income that their compositions generate, and it is the job of the copyright holder to protect the work from infringement. Copyright laws can be pretty tricky to navigate, so here are a few helpful tips to guide you through the process.

## **Adjudicator Copies**

During contest and festival season, the majority of the inquiries we receive concern making photocopies of scores to meet specific requirements for the judges at a festival.

If you're performing a concert selection out of one of our method books (*Tradition of Excellence, String Basics: Steps to Success, First Place for Jazz,* among others), permission may already be given to make the necessary photocopies for judges at these festivals. Please refer to the notices printed in the teacher score on the specific piece.

If a student is performing a solo from one of the method books listed above, permission is already given. In addition, a photocopy may be given to the accompanist.

Extra scores for our band and string repertoire (Beginning BandWorks, BandWorks, Conservatory Editions, StringTracks, and Steps to Successful Literature, among others) are available for purchase from your favorite music dealer. If you're performing a work from a series that's not listed above, please contact us for permission.

# Making an Audio or Video Recording

A license is required any time you make an audio or video recording of a copyrighted work. Audio recordings are compulsory, meaning, we can't deny your request; you just need to apply for the Mechanical License and pay the royalty. The royalty rate is set by the Library of Congress. For current rates, please visit www.copyright.gov.

The license to make a video of a performance, known as a Synchronization License, is not compulsory. Permission must be obtained from the copyright holder before distributing any copies, regardless if they are being sold or given away for free.

### Arranging for Marching Band or Another Ensemble

We're pleased to grant licenses to make a marching band (or other) arrangement of one of our concert works. However, permission is required before work can begin, and there are a few works whose composers have indicated that they do not want their compositions to be altered. Please contact us to make sure the piece you're interested in is available for licensing.

If you're planning to play the original piece without **any** alterations or additions then a license isn't needed. However, for example, if you're rewriting the brass parts for marching instruments (mellophones, bugles), or adding marching percussion, or making cuts, adding repeats, or creating a medley with another composition, a license is required.

### What If I Want To ...?

If you'd like to use a composition in **any** other way, please contact us and we would be glad to advise you.

Contest and festival season is a busy time for our Copyright Office. Please contact us at least **three weeks** before your concert date so that we may help you in time. Please visit www.kjos.com and click on the Licensing tab to find out more information or to submit a license request.

We're so pleased that you've chosen to perform one of our pieces! We appreciate your support and we want to make the licensing process as easy as possible for you.

Neil A. Kjos Music Company, Publisher • San Diego, CA • www.kjos.com

**Credit:** The jacket and score photograph was taken at Robertson & Sons Violin Shop, Inc., Albuquerque, NM. For more information about their services, visit: www.robertsonviolins.com.



1